Registered number: 03137929

### **LONDON INTERNET EXCHANGE LIMITED**

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr M A Blanche

Mr L M Hetherington Mr T S A Lahtinen

Mr T Mangin (resigned 3 September 2018)

Mr J B Souter

Mr W M B Steele (resigned 1 February 2019)

Mr S P Woodhead Mr S Wright

Mr M S A Hutty (appointed 18 May 2018) Mr K E J Lindqvist (appointed 18 May 2018) Mr R Petrie (appointed 18 May 2018)

Company secretary

Mr H J Fisher

Registered number

03137929

Registered office

Trinity Court Trinity Street Priestgate Peterborough Cambridgeshire PE1 1DA

Independent auditors

haysmacintyre

10 Queen Street Place

London EC4R 1AG

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#### GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### INTRODUCTION

The company is a membership organisation whose principal activity is to provide Internet Exchange Points for the mutual benefit of members, to promote the interests of members and to represent members in matters of public interest.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The directors consider that the company has continued to perform well during this financial year. Connected capacity growth continued with a 19% increase to almost 26 Tb/s by the end of 2018. We maintained the position of showing a small financial surplus, and revenue grew despite cuts in services prices at the beginning of the year. Additionally, good performance results were consistently achieved across our measurement metrics.

The positive view of the future supported us making further significant reductions in our prices from the beginning of 2019.

During 2019 we will commence providing services to Saudi Telecom Company, under a management services contract, for the establishment and running of an internet exchange point based in Jeddah.

We were very pleased to report consistently high operational performance, with network availability statistics exceeding 99.99% over the whole year. This was achieved through the quality of our technical teams and such was reflected in good member satisfaction feedback statistics.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Despite being in an increasingly competitive business sector, our membership continued to grow and our overall financial results for the year exceeded the underlying assumptions included in the budget presented to, and agreed by, our members.

Providing a good level of service is an important factor in retaining existing, and gaining new, revenue streams. Our network availability and resilience remained very high and our close relationship with our members enabled us to satisfy members demands with resulting positive feedback in our membership surveys.

We have managed to utilise our network equipment more effectively in coping with demands on the system, and this has enabled us to spend considerably less on capital expenditure than originally forecast. This has contributed to our ability to further reduce our prices in 2019.

The continuing demand for our largest capacity 100Gb ports represented a 37% increase in related connections over the year. This put us in a strong position as we entered the new financial year.

#### GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

We reduced the prices of our services on 1st January 2018 and this resulted in an immediate fall in revenues at the beginning of the year. Increased demand for services during the year saw this shortfall being recovered and by the end of 2018 our overall revenues exceeded the previous year (2018: £15.8m, 2017: £15.7m).

Close control over expenditure was maintained and our total expenditure for 2018 was less than budgeted by a large margin.

Our ability to reduce capital expenditure, together with lower operational expenditure, resulted in a small surplus being achieved, rather than a budgeted deficit, and our bank balances of £5m+ were consequential higher than expected. This status supported our ability to implement further price cuts at the beginning of 2019.

The directors consider that they have maintained an appropriate balance in our financial situation and our policy of reducing prices continues to be vindicated by the high rate of new membership applications (95 in 2018). This policy of continuing to reduce prices has been explicitly endorsed by a membership vote.

#### OTHER KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The traffic carried at LINX again grew during the year, and we finished the year with total peak traffic of around 4.34Tb/sec overall on the exchange (up around 8.5%).

LINX membership continues to grow at 5% per annum and the number of members was 821 at the end of 2018. The growth in membership assists all current members, since it provides new peering opportunities and supports the rationale for our principal activities.

LINX remains one of the largest and most important Internet Exchanges in the world, with exchange locations in England, Scotland, Wales and the USA. LINX continues to attract new members from Europe, the Middle East, Asia, Africa, the Americas and Australasia, having established itself as a key facility on a global scale. By the end of 2018, LINX was serving members from 82 countries which is a continuing increase from previous years. The London Internet Exchange is a group of four companies. London Internet Exchange Ltd, established in 1994, (LINX) and London Internet Exchange Trading Ltd, established in 2013, (LINX Trading) are the two UK companies in the group in respect of which audited accounts are filed at Companies House.

The group also comprises two overseas companies: LINX USA Inc and LINX America Inc. LINX USA was established in 2013 as the operational vehicle for LINX NoVA, our exchange in North Virginia, and LINX America was established in 2014 to support the promotion of LINX NoVA. The results of these companies are included in this consolidated report and accompanying financial statements.

This report therefore covers both LINX and the consolidation of the group as a whole.

This report was approved by the board on 26 March 2019 and signed on its behalf.

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the surplus of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Results

The surplus for the year, after taxation, amounted to £137,266 (2017 - £133,056).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

Mr M A Blanche
Mr L M Hetherington
Mr T S A Lahtinen
Mr T Mangin (resigned 3 September 2018)
Mr J B Souter
Mr W M B Steele (resigned 1 February 2019)
Mr S P Woodhead
Mr S Wright
Mr M S A Hutty (appointed 18 May 2018)
Mr K E J Lindqvist (appointed 18 May 2018)
Mr R Petrie (appointed 18 May 2018)

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditors are aware of that information.

#### Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Group since the year end.

This report was approved by the board on 26 March 2019 and signed on its behalf.

Mr J B Souter Director

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LONDON INTERNET EXCHANGE LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of London Internet Exchange Limited (the 'parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 December 2018, which comprise the Group Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Group and Company Balance Sheets, the Group Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of the Group's surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Group's or the parent Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LONDON INTERNET EXCHANGE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the parent Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LONDON INTERNET EXCHANGE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jeremy Beard (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of haysmacintyre

Statutory Auditors

10 Queen Street Place London EC4R 1AG

28 March 2019

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Income	4	15,827,050	15,739,668
Distribution costs		(1,757,323)	(1,727,022)
Administrative expenses		(14,141,676)	(14,062,411)
Other operating income	5	195,607	191,958
OPERATING SURPLUS	6	123,658	142,193
Interest receivable and similar income		19,240	2,110
Interest payable and expenses		36	(37)
SURPLUS BEFORE TAX		142,898	144,266
Tax on surplus	10	(5,632)	(11,210)
SURPLUS AFTER TAX		137,266	133,056
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		11,834,525	11,701,469
		11,834,525	11,701,469
Surplus attributable to the owners of the parent		137,266	133,056
RETAINED EARNINGS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		11,971,791	11,834,525

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### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

			2018 £		2017 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	11		4,704,820		7,491,247
			4,704,820	å	7,491,247
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	13	2,749,763		1,785,042	
Cash at bank and in hand	14	6,103,989		4,881,183	
		8,853,752		6,666,225	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(1,586,781)		(2,322,947)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			7,266,971		4,343,278
LIABILITIES			11,971,791		11,834,525
NET ASSETS			11,971,791		11,834,525
RESERVES			a <del></del>		
Income and expenditure account	17		11,971,791		11,834,525
			11,971,791		11,834,525

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 March 2019.

MrJB Souter Director

(A Company Limited by Guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER:03137929

### COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

Note			2018 £		2017 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	11		4,664,545		7,440,461
Investments	12		1		1
			4,664,546		7,440,462
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	13	3,433,483		2,454,666	
Cash at bank and in hand	14	5,399,092		3,978,348	
		8,832,575		6,433,014	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(1,276,023)		(1,833,144)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			7,556,552	<del>)</del>	4,599,870
LIABILITIES			12,221,098		12,040,332
NET ASSETS			12,221,098		12,040,332
RESERVES					· <del></del> -
Income and expenditure account	17		12,221,098		12,040,332
			12,221,098		12,040,332

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 March 2019.

Mr J B Souter Director

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Surplus after tax ADJUSTMENTS FOR:	137,266	133,056
Depreciation of tangible assets	3,662,302	3,695,761
Interest paid	8	37
Interest received	(19,240)	(2,110)
Taxation charge	5,632	3,634
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(971,852)	1,282,748
(Decrease) in creditors	(732,036)	(673,739)
Corporation tax (paid)	(2,632)	(7,268)
Foreign exchange movement on subsidiary fixed assets	<del>.</del>	6,879 ———
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,079,440	4,438,998
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(875,874)	(2,658,693)
Interest received	19,240	2,110
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(856,634)	(2,656,583)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid		(37)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(37)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,222,806	1,782,378
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,881,183	3,098,805
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR	6,103,989	4,881,183
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR COMPRISE:	9 <del>==</del>	<del>10</del>
Cash at bank and in hand	6,103,989	4,881,183
	6,103,989	4,881,183

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

London Internet Exchange Limited is a private company limited by guarantee, incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office is Trinity Court, Trinity Street, Peterborough, PE1 1DA.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied.

#### 2.2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements present the results of group and its own subsidiaries ("the group") as if they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

#### 2.3 INCOME

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before income is recognised:

Income from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of income can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably, and;
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.4 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The Group adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the Group. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives range as follows:

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Leasehold property improvements - 5 years straight line Network assets - 3-4 years straight line Computer equipment - 2-4 years straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other operating income' in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2.5 OPERATING LEASES

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### 2.6 VALUATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.7 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Functional and presentational currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Financial statements of overseas subsidiaries are translated at the rate ruling at the balance sheet date for the balance sheet items, and the average rate for the year for the items in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

#### 2.8 PENSIONS

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

#### 2.9 TAXATION

Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.10 DEBTORS

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### 2.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

#### 2.13 CREDITORS

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 3. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, events or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates. The directors consider the depreciation of fixed assets to be a critical estimate and judgement applicable to the financial statements.

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 4. ANALYSIS OF INCOME

Analysis of turnover by country of destination:

	2018 £	2017 £
United Kingdom	8,799,840	8,797,724
Rest of Europe	4,809,940	4,784,052
Rest of the world	2,217,270	2,157,892
	15,827,050	15,739,668

The whole of the income is attributable to the one principal activity of the group. The analysis of income provided has been derived from the Group's accounting records and as such represents the invoicing address of the member. Were income to be analysed based on the operating location of the members it would provide an alternate analysis which would be in line with the continued global expansion referred to in the Strategic Report.

#### 5. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	2018 £	2017 £
Rents receivable	195,607	191,958
	195,607	191,958
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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

6.	OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		
	The operating surplus/(deficit) is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Exchange differences	25,409 ====================================	13,479 
7.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Fees payable to the Group's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Group's annual accounts	9,800	9,500
		9,800	9,500
	FEES PAYABLE TO THE GROUP'S AUDITOR AND ITS ASSOCIATES IN RESPECT OF:		
	The auditing of accounts of associates of the Group pursuant to legislation	3,540	3,400
	Other services relating to taxation	1,500	1,450
		5,040	4,850

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 8. EMPLOYEES

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Wages and salaries	4,399,908	4,458,811	4,197,431	4,192,101
Social security costs	465,586	447,928	465,586	447,928
Cost of defined contribution scheme	340,477	303,693	332,660	303,113
	5,205,971	5,210,432	4,995,677	4,943,142

The senior management team and executive directors are considered to be key management personnel. Total remuneration in respect of these individuals is £1,110,987 (2017: £1,031,371).

The average monthly number of employees, including the executive directors, during the year was as follows:

	2018 No.	2017 <b>N</b> o.
Administrative staff	54	61
Management staff	7	7
	61	68

#### 9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	2018 £	2017 £
Directors' emoluments	824,797	331,567
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	45,756	9,981
	870,553	341,548

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 6 directors (2017 - 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid director received remuneration of £192,100 (2017 - £182,273).

The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined benefit pension scheme in respect of the highest paid director amounted to £11,068 (2017 - £9,981).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10	т.	ΔΧ	ΔΤΙ	ON

2018 2017 £ £	
CORPORATION TAX	
Current tax on profits for the year 4,522 (3,6)  FOREIGN TAX	34)
Foreign tax on income for the year 1,110 14,8	344
1,110 14,8	344
TOTAL CURRENT TAX 5,632 11,2	210

#### FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2017 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2017 - 19.25%). The differences are explained below:

	2018 £	2017 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	142,898	144,266
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2017 - 19.25%)  EFFECTS OF:	27,151	27,771
Amounts not subject to corporation tax	(21,519)	(16,561)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR	5,632	11,210

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Long-term leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Computer equipment £	Total £		
COST OR VALUATION						
At 1 January 2018	774,631	19,813,481	380,356	20,968,468		
Additions	2,697	762,355	110,822	875,874		
At 31 December 2018	777,328	20,575,836	491,178	21,844,342		
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 January 2018	411,195	12,862,592	203,434	13,477,221		
Charge for the year on owned assets	164,634	3,224,352	273,315	3,662,301		
At 31 December 2018	575,829	16,086,944	476,749	17,139,522		
NET BOOK VALUE				Y		
At 31 December 2018	201,499	4,488,892	14,429	4,704,820		
At 31 December 2017	363,436	6,950,889	176,922	7,491,247		
The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:						
			2018 £	2017 £		
Long leasehold			201,499	363,436		
			201,499	363,436		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

### 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

#### Company

	Long-term leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Computer equipment £	Total £		
COST OR VALUATION						
At 1 January 2018	774,631	19,520,828	380,356	20,675,815		
Additions	2,697	745,594	110,822	859,113		
At 31 December 2018	777,328	20,266,422	491,178	21,534,928		
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 January 2018	411,195	12,620,725	203,434	13,235,354		
Charge for the year on owned assets	164,634	3,197,080	273,315	3,635,029		
At 31 December 2018	575,829	15,817,805	476,749	16,870,383		
NET BOOK VALUE						
At 31 December 2018	201,499	4,448,617	14,429	4,664,545		
At 31 December 2017	363,436	6,900,103	176,922	7,440,461		
The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:						
			2018 £	2017 £		
Long leasehold			201,499	363,436		
			201,499	363,436		

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

#### SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
London Internet Exchange Trading Limited	Ordinary	100 %	Marketing and events Internet
LINX USA Incorporated		NIL %	exchange services Internet
LINX America Incorporated		NIL %	exchange services

The balances and transactions of LINX USA Incorporated have been included in the consolidated financial statements by virtue of the fact that the sole member of LINX USA Incorporated is the company's wholly owned subsidiary, London Internet Exchange Trading Limited. It is therefore deemed to be under the control of the group. LINX America is a wholly owned subsidiary of London Internet Exchange Trading Limited.

#### Company

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 January 2018	1
At 31 December 2018	1
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2018	1
At 31 December 2017	1

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

13.	DEBTORS				
		Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
	Trade debtors	87,129	141,227	63,411	116,253
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	*	·	813,336	839,243
	Other debtors	166,199	213,351	125,971	127,935
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,496,435	1,430,466	2,430,765	1,371,235
	*	2,749,763	1,785,044	3,433,483	2,454,666
14.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
		Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	6,103,989	4,881,183	5,399,092	3,978,348
		6,103,989	4,881,183	5,399,092	3,978,348
15.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	e year			
		Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
	Trade creditors	327,811	669,764	305,796	662,446
	Corporation tax	3,000	=	2,000	
	Other taxation and social security	170,524	99,397	132,963	99,397
	Other creditors	380,880	565,309	147,388	119,129
	Accruals and deferred income	704,566	988,477	687,876	952,172
		1,586,781	2,322,947	1,276,023	1,833,144

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS				
		Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
	FINANCIAL ASSETS				
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	6,103,989	4,881,183	5,399,092	3,978,348
	Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	253,330	364,478	1,002,718	1,093,331
		6,357,319	5,245,661	6,401,810	5,071,679
	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Financial liabilities measured at amortised				
	cost	(1,413,258)	(1,334,470)	(1,141,060)	(880,972)

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise cash at bank.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise of trade debtors, amounts owed by group undertakings, other debtors, and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, corporation tax, taxation and social security and other creditors.

#### 17. RESERVES

16.

The company's sole reserve is the income and expenditure account, this represents accumulated comprehensive income of the year and prior periods.

#### 18. COMPANY STATUS

The members' liability is limited. Every member of the group undertakes to contribute to the assets of the group in the event of the same being wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payments of the debts and liabilities of the group contracted before he ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, such and for the amount as may be required not exceeding one pound.

#### 19. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group makes contributions to employees' personal pension plans. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the group to the fund and amounted to £332,660 (2017: £293,712). Contributions totalling £91,048 (2017: £4,696) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 20. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2018 the Group and the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Group 2018 £	Group 2017 £	Company 2018 £	Company 2017 £
Not later than 1 year	535,530	579,500	535,530	579,500
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	106,300	687,983	106,300	687,983
	641,830	1,267,483	641,830	1,267,483

#### 21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year transactions took place with Netconnex Broadband Limited, a company in which director Mr T S A Lahtinen has a significant interest. Sales to Netconnex Broadband Limited totalled £4,992 (2017: £4,992). At the balance sheet date there were no amounts outstanding (2017: £nil) from Netconnex Broadband Limited.

During the year transactions took place with Clear Connect Limited, a company in which director Mr S Wright has a significant interest. Purchases from Clear Connect Limited totalled £15,430 (2017: £14,850). At the balance sheet date there were no amounts outstanding (2017: £nil) with Clear Connect Limited.

During the year transactions took place with 4D Data Centres Limited, a company in which director Mr S Wright has a significant interest. Sales to 4D Data Centres Limited totalled £10,284 (2017: £11,208). At the balance sheet date there were no amounts outstanding (2017: £nil) with 4D Data Centres Limited.

During the year transactions took place with Simwood eSMS Limited, a company in which director Mr S P Woodhead has a significant interest. Purchases from Simwood eSMS Limited totalled £7,376 (2017: £8,425). At the balance sheet date there was £nil outstanding (2017: £1,030) to Simwood eSMS Limited. Sales to Simwood eSMS Limited totalled £5,428 (2017: £3,828).